THE HONORABLE JOHN C. COUGHENOUR

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WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.

EDGAR LUNA-GARCIA,

Defendant.

CASE NO. CR20-0092-JCC-21

ORDER

This matter comes before the Court on Defendant's motion to reduce his sentence pursuant to Amendment 821 of the United States Sentencing Guidelines ("USSG") and 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2) (Dkt. No. 1171). Having considered the briefing and the relevant record, the Court hereby DENIES the motion for the reasons explained herein.

Defendant was sentenced on November 8, 2022, after pleading guilty to conspiracy to distribute controlled substances. (*See* Dkt. Nos. 378, 788, 804.) At sentencing, the Court calculated Defendant's total offense level to be 31, with a criminal history Category III. (Dkt. No. 899.) This resulted in a sentencing guidelines range of 135 to 168 months. (*Id.*) The Court then imposed a custodial sentence of 60 months. (Dkt. No. 934.)

Defendant now asks for a reduction pursuant to Amendment 821 to the USSG. (Dkt. No. 1171.) This is based on Part B, Subpart 1 of the amendment, which provides a two-level reduction in the offense level for certain zero-point offenders—that is, defendants with no

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criminal history whose offenses meet the guideline's criteria. See USSG § 4C1.1(a).

To qualify for a sentence reduction under 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2), two conditions must be met: (1) the defendant must have been sentenced to a term of imprisonment based on a sentencing range that has been lowered by a retroactively applicable guidelines amendment; and (2) the sentence reduction sought must be consistent with the Sentencing Commission's applicable policy statements. United States v. Waters, 771 F.3d 679, 680 (9th Cir. 2014) (per curiam). A district court does not have jurisdiction to reduce the defendant's sentence unless both criteria are met. See United States v. Wesson, 583 F.3d 728, 730 (9th Cir. 2009). However, USSG § 1B1.10(b)(2) provides that "the court shall not reduce the defendant's term of imprisonment under 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2) and this policy statement to a term that is less than the minimum of the amended guideline range," unless the defendant received a sentence reduction based on substantial assistance to the United States.

Here, under the retroactively applicable amendment codified in USSG § 4C1.1, Defendant's criminal history category would be reduced from Category III to II, resulting in an amended sentencing guideline range of 121 to 151 months. USSG Sentencing Table. But because the sentence already imposed (60 months) is well below this amended range, the policy statement precludes any reduction in Defendant's sentence. See USSG § 1B1.10(b)(2). Furthermore, the record does not show, and Defendant has not established, that the "substantial assistance" exception of USSG § 1B1.10(b)(2)(B) applies. This Court therefore lacks the authority to reduce Defendant's sentence. See Wesson, 583 F.3d at 730.

For the foregoing reasons, Defendant's motion for a reduction of his sentence (Dkt. No. 1171) is DENIED.

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John C. Coughenour
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

DATED this 3rd day of May 2024.

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